

Course Code	CHE304M3		
Course Title	Advanced Organic Chemistry II		
Credit Value	3		
Hourly Breakdown	Theory	Practical	Independent Learning
	45	-	105
Objective/s	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Explain the quantitative structure-reactivity relationships in organic chemistry • Identify the methods that are used to prepare enantiomerically pure products from achiral starting materials. • Provide detailed account in conformational analysis and its applications to advanced phenomena and problems in organic synthesis. • Develop effective strategies for using chiral auxiliaries, reagents and catalysts to control stereo chemical relationships. 		
Intended Learning Outcomes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Elucidate intramolecular interactions quantitatively • Determine the influence of substituents and positions of substitution on rates of equilibrium of organic reactions • Diagnose reaction mechanisms using Hammett and related equations • Recognize the importance of conformational analysis in organic synthesis • Apply stereo chemical concepts in relation to chemical transformations. 		
Course Content	<p>Hammett Equation</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hammett equation: σ-ρ relationship, limitations and deviations • Modified substituent constants: σ^0, σ^- and σ^+ scales • Diagnosis of reaction mechanisms • Yukawa-Tsuno equation and its application • Taft equation and its application • Effect of solvents: Σ and E_T parameters <p>Stereo chemistry & Conformational analysis</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Effect of conformation on reactivity and stability of compounds, Curtin-Hammett principle • Conformations of chiral aldehydes (Crams model, Felkin-Anh model, chelation-control and non-chelation control, Cieplak model), Baldwin's rule. 		

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Conformations of monocyclic, bicyclic (decalin) and polycyclic (perhydrophenanthrene and perhydroanthracene) compounds • Effect of conformation on rearrangement reactions (Neighbouring Group Participation, classical and non-classical ions, etc.), stereoisomerism, stereo specific and stereo selective reactions, • Asymmetric syntheses: Using chiral auxiliaries, chiral reagents and chiral catalysts (Sharpless asymmetric epoxidation, asymmetric hydroxylation, asymmetric hydrogenation etc.) • Geometrical isomerism, optical isomerism in achiral compounds (spiro compounds, biphenyls, etc.), correlation of configuration and specification of configuration. • Optical rotatory dispersion, circular dichroism, Cotton effect, axial haloketone rule, octant rule. 	
Teaching and Learning Methods / Activities	Lectures, tutorial discussions, small group assignment and home-work assignments	
Evaluation/Assessment Strategy	In-course Assessment	End-of-course Examination
	30 %	70 %
Recommended References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Eric V. Anslyn and Dennis A. Dougherty; Modern Physical Organic Chemistry. Illustrated Edition. University Science, 2005 • Michael B. Sponsler; Student Solutions Manual to accompany Modern Physical Organic Chemistry. Solution Manual Edition. University Science Books, 2005 • Johnson, C. D.,; The Hammett Equation. 1st Edition. Cambridge University Press, 1973 • March. J., Advanced Organic Chemistry, 4th Edition, John Wiley, 2004 • Eliel, L. E., Stereochemistry of organic compounds, John Wiley, 2004 • P.S. Kalsi, P. S., Stereochemisry, conformation and mechanism, 6th edition, New Age International, 2007 • Clayden. J., Organic chemistry, 2nd edition, Oxford University Press, 2001 	